

TERMS:
 Daily, one year, \$10.00
 " six months, 5.00
 Weekly, one year, 5.00
 " three months, 3.00
 Postage for one year, on Daily, 6 cents per week.
 " one year, 30 cents.

RATES OF ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVERTISEMENTS, THE RATES NAME IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

Length of Square	1 w ^t	2 w ^t s	3 w ^t s	4 w ^t s
Two Lines.	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$3.00
Two Squares.....	\$2.00	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00
Three Squares.....	\$3.00	\$4.50	\$6.00	\$9.00
Four Squares.....	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$8.00	\$12.00
Five Squares.....	\$5.00	\$7.50	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Squares.....	\$6.00	\$9.00	\$12.00	\$18.00
Seven Squares.....	\$7.00	\$10.50	\$14.00	\$21.00
Half Column.....	\$8.00	\$12.00	\$16.00	\$24.00
One Column.....	\$9.00	\$13.50	\$18.00	\$27.00
Two Columns.....	\$10.00	\$15.00	\$20.00	\$30.00

Advertisers are invited three times a week, one copy of each insertion, two columns, one-half the issue rates; one-half the issue, 50 cents per square, each insertion. Weekly, \$1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minstrels, Companies, and such like emoluments, \$1 per square for first insertion, \$1.50 for second, \$2 for third, \$2.50 for fourth insertion.

Notice of any kind in "Preferred Letters" or "Letters to the Editor," 20 cents per line; insertion, 10 cents per line, each insertion; in "Local and National," 15 cents per line; in "American and International," 20 cents per line. A line is estimated at six words. Compressed rates are given in advance. Compressed rates are given in advance. Compressed rates are given in advance.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: See "Advertiser's Guide."

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 12, 1876.

Our cantata will probably draw hundreds from neighboring towns. The indications point that way.

ATLANTA is astir with the Cantata. Into our editorial window comes the sound of a voice above the piano accompaniment, "Long Live" somebody.

The prospect is that Georgia will not send many visitors to the centennial. The people are too sensible to spend money unnecessarily in these hard times.

FARM news from different parts of the state is gratifying. The farmers seem to be working with a will, more grain is being planted, and the season thus far is propitious.

THE Fort Valley Mirror enters its sixth volume. What it claims to have attempted, it has accomplished. It is a "live, readable paper," and the people should heartily support it.

THE Record of the Year, June number, issued by G. W. Carleton & Co., publishers, New York, is at hand, containing a fine engraving of Clemens (Mark Twain) and varied contents of most valuable character.

Are not those journals doing an injustice, when they accuse Tilden of puffed efforts to advance his presidential prospects? Is it not probable that some enthusiastic friend is sending articles to the newspapers without Tilden's knowledge?

From the account published elsewhere it will be seen that the Press Association has been tendered a generous hospitality in Savannah, and that, in consequence, the editors are having a good time generally. We are glad to notice that the Press Association is more numerously attended than usual, and new life will be infused into it.

NORTH GEORGIA—PRESENT STATUS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS.

Gainesville Fig. The portion of north Georgia, lying in the angle formed by the Western and Atlantic, and the Air-Line railroad, has long been inhabited by middle-class Georgians, and is the outside world as barren, unfruitful mountain-section of the country, unfit for the homes of an enlightened people, and therefore entirely unsuited for agricultural purposes. Owing to this preoccupation of the minds and hearts of people unacquainted with the country, those who reside in the bounds above described, have been neglected by the legislature, while other people and other sections have received aid from the treasury and the public, and the assistance in the way of the credit of the state, which has been endorsed on large numbers of railroad bonds.

But since the building of the Air-Line railroad people have ventured out into the wilderness (?) and have come to the resources of our section, so far as the resources of our section is concerned. They see that while we have hills, bad roads, poor schools, and are wanting in other facilities considered indispensable by the outside world, that we have a fertile valley, as well as forests, and rivers, and streams, and mountains, with a thrifty population, and be do with all the evidences of an advanced civilization. In addition to this we have untold millions of precious metals and stores embedded now deep, under the rocks, of this section, and already capitalists and practical miners are beginning to make purchases, and are gradually paving the way to a new era for north Georgia. We shall hear of the great mineral wealth of north Georgia, and the great influx of capital, machinery, etc., shall commence to wake this country from the lethargic slumber that has had her in full possession for the last thirty years. When that time comes—when our fine water power is utilized, and our mills and valleys are opened up, with a live and progressive population, if we should live to see it, our bold dreams and the wishes and desires of our people will be fully realized.

GENERAL A. H. COQUET.

Northeast at the Central Hotel in Atlanta.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. J. W. Anderson, of the Covington Star, with a view to meet such cases as that referred to Dr. A. H. Coquett, and unanimously adopted. Resolved, That hereafter no person not connected with the press, editorially or otherwise representing any paper belonging to this association without the written authority of the publisher or proprietor of such paper, for doing so.

Captain John R. Triplett, alluded to the fact that this was the opening day of the centennial exhibition, and he considered it would be perfectly proper for this convention to take some official notice of the same. He then moved that the president be requested to telegraph the centennial commission, and tender the congratulations of this association upon the event. The motion was carried, and the dispatch was sent.

A FOREIGN SUBJECT KILLED.

Mr. J. F. Murphy, of the Oglethorpe Echo, offered to contribute to the cause of the Georgia State Convention, and the resolutions, whilst not objected to in settlement, were opposed as being entirely foreign to the purposes of this convention, and their consideration and adoption would constitute a protest against the same. The resolutions were proposed by Dr. Andrews, Messrs. Mumford, Hawkins and others. Under section 1, of the constitution, the president ruled the resolution out of order.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The next business in order was announced to be the election of officers, and the members were invited to propose their ballots. Col. C. T. Triplett was called upon to cast the ballot. The president replied that under the constitution the convention could select a member to cast the ballot.

On motion the secretary was authorized to cast the ballot of the convention. Mr. J. H. Estill was nominated as president.

Mr. Estill returned his appearance of the honor, but declined, stating that he thought the interests of the association would be best served by a change of election. He then moved that the president be governor of Georgia, and he is just as certain to be that very identifiable thing as I hold that men in hand to be.

The wheat and oat crops of this section are suffering with rust to a limited extent. Our farmers are in good condition, generally, better than they have been in some years. They owe less and are living more economically than ever.

Mr. Murphy nominated Mr. Gregg Wright of the Augusta Chronicle, Mr.

The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1876.

NO. 281

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.
 R. DOVER,
 Practical Slater,
 16 Broad Street, near the bridge.
 ATLANTA, GA.—
 PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the lowest prices. A large assortment of the best quality. All kinds of Dishes and Slates always on hand. Slating done in any part of the country. All my work is warranted for one year. Order by mail and country solicited. $\text{mar} 0, 1876$ —dly.

L. THOMAS,
 DEALER IN
 Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,
 FLOUR, &c. Market street, Chatanooga,
 Tennessee. For Fire pro & Contra at cost of Market street. $\text{apr} 20, 1876$ —dly

Dentists.
 L. D. CARPENTER,
 Dentist,
 NO. 47, WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta,
 N. Georgia.

E. B. MARSHALL,
 Dentist,
 Office and residence in Marietta street.
 Will visit various towns in the State the first half of each month. $\text{feb} 29, 1876$ —dly

Lawyers.
 J. S. JAMES,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 DUBLINVILLE, GEORGIA.
 WILL practice in the counties of Douglas and adjacent counties. Collections made at a specialty in Douglass, H. James, Esq., Hon. J. James, Ordinary of Douglass, and J. C. Dorsey, Clerk of Superior Court, Dublinville, Georgia.

STERLING B. TONEY,
 Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
 29 Court Place,
 LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
 WILL practice in the counties of Douglass and adjacent counties. Collections made at a specialty in Douglass, H. James, Esq., Hon. J. James, Ordinary of Douglass, and J. C. Dorsey, Clerk of Superior Court, Dublinville, Georgia.

POPE BARRY,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Clark, Jackson, Coweta, Madison, Oglethorpe and Walker. Collections made at a specialty in Clark, H. Pugh, Eufaula, Ala.; Hon. W. C. Oates, Dr. L. B. Riley, and others. $\text{apr} 20, 1876$ —dly

BOCK! BOCK! BOCK!
 Bock Beer!
 MILWAUKEE BOCK BEER.

By H. ZISCH,
 Ed. Mercer's old stand,
 NO. 18 Whitehall Street.
 Under James' Bar k.

FREE LUNCH.
 At Rufer's Dining Hall, all hours.
 $\text{mar} 22, 1876$

ATLANTA, 14 Marietta Street,
 IN A M E

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

HENRY C. HONEY,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 THE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA.

WILL practice in the Autauga, Northern and Middle Circuit and Supreme Court of the state. Prompt attention given to collections. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

W. D. TUTT,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 THOMSON, GEORGIA.

HENRY C. HONEY,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 THE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA.

WILL practice in the Autauga, Northern and Middle Circuit and Supreme Court of the state. Prompt attention given to collections. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

R. T. NELM,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 HAMPTON, GEORGIA.

PRACTICE in the counties of Adjacent counties and the Federal courts. $\text{mar} 22, 1876$ —dly

ROBERT D. WALKER, JR.,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

PROMPT attention given to business. $\text{sep} 1, 1876$ —dly

P. L. MYATT,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Has removed to No. 24 and 26, Kimball Building, all offices. Entrance on Wall street. $\text{may} 2, 1876$ —dly

DANIEL S. PRUITT,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 ROME, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the United States and Supreme Courts of the State. $\text{may} 2, 1876$ —dly

HATTIE B. SANDWICH,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 THOMASTON, GEORGIA.

COMMERCIAL Collections. Practices in the Courts of Georgia. $\text{may} 8, 1876$ —dly

C. A. THORNELL,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 ROME, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention collections. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

J. A. NEWBROOK,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA.

WILL give prompt attention to the business intrusted to his care. Will attend regularly the sessions of the Orange County Court of Common Pleas & Ordnance. $\text{mar} 12, 1876$ —dly

O. A. LOCHRANE,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Attorney of Supreme Court. $\text{mar} 22, 1876$ —dly

JACKSON & LUPKIN,
 ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
 216 ALABAMA STREET.

Practice in the State and Federal Courts. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

L. T. DOWING,
 ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR,
 COLUMBIA, GA.

Practice in the State and Federal Courts. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

WILLIAM M. SIMS,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 SPARTA, GEORGIA.

W. S. JOHNSON,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 CALHOUN, GEORGIA.

(Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards Southwesterly from the corner of Broad and Wall streets.) $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

EDWARD J. REAGAN,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 HAMILTON, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in Henry and adjacent counties and other collections. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

WILLIAM M. SIMS,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 WASHINGTON, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in Wilkes and adjoining counties and other collections. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

J. A. ASHLEY,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 AMERIGA, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Southwest Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia. $\text{mar} 1, 1876$ —dly

JOHN C. WHITNER,
 Local Agent.

Southern Department

MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, 68 Wall Street.

300 bushels of this valuable feed, from the trade, at Lowest Market Price. The quality is unsurpassed.

S. A. ECHOLS,
 61 Broad street.

Spring Fashions.

Capital \$250,000.00

Surplus \$50,000.00

Assets \$50,000.00

J. S. RAINES, General Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

JNO. C. WHITNER, Local Agent.

German Millet Seed

$\text{apr} 1, 1876$

Business Directory.

R. DOVER,
 Practical Slater,

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION : SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1876.

Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.
Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, all Official Proceedings of City and County, published by authority.

The Largest Circulations, City, County and State—Debtors Refutation.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKS

TODAY'S PROBABILITIES: For the South ATLANTIC STATES, HIGHER BAROMETER, WITH NORTH TO WEST WINDS, WARMER, CLEAR AND CLOUDY WEATHER WILL PERSIST.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 1124 and closed at 1124.

LOW MIDDLES closed in New York yesterday at 11 5-10. In Liverpool at 6.

A VAG LAW.

If we should be called upon to specify the social reform most needed in Atlanta at present we would unhesitatingly answer—the vigorous enforcement of the law against vagrancy. Our citizens are reasonably impressed with a sense of alarm at the increase of the army of loafers and vagrants who swarm upon our streets. These idle people are of no profit to themselves or the community. On the other hand they are the recruits who steadily pass into the prisons of county and state. They are the Ishmaelites of society, the rebels against law and order and the terror of peaceful and intelligent citizens.

To take a census of the vagrants in this city would be a work of months. They group at every corner, they block the walks upon every thoroughfare, darkening aley and by-way and swarm in the purloins until their name is legion. There are many white people in the gange but they seem to have fallen to the lowest level. They penetrate the back yards of residences in the guise of beggars, they loaf about wherever they can pick up a morsel without exertion and while both occupations of mendicant and scavenger fail, they resort to theft. But the great mass of these idle, shiftless, non-producing vagrants is made up of negroes. This is one of the natural results of their state of freedom. Unable to appreciate the significance and duties of their new position in the political world they constrain their liberty to mean license and they use it accordingly. They lie, beg, steal and swindle in every conceivable way and are happiest when they work least. They are a dirty, diseased, foul-mouthed tribe of semi-barbarians and some stringent measures should be resorted to that we may be rid of their presence.

There can be no good excuse for sub-jetting the property of our good citizens to the depredations of these lawless outlaws. There can be no reasonable explanation for a continuance of jaywalking for the lives of our peaceable citizens arising from the desperate and brutal instincts of these savages, who must either starve or kill when the crime raises reasonable hope of reward. There can be no justification of a tax policy which will permit the obscene, whorish and vulgar wench who parade our streets in drunken and abandoned swagger both day and night to insult the ears of good men and virtuous women who are called abroad into the streets. The time has come for redress of these social evils. The id, wicked and vagrant class must suffer banishment from the city. The tax they levy upon us for their support is enormous. Let them be driven to the fields and to the work which nature designed for them—production by agriculture. The people are tired of this disgusting business and demand that all vagrant acts be at once enforced to their full extent.

LANIER'S CANTATA.

When it was announced that Sidney Lanier, of Georgia, had been selected to write the cantata words for the opening ceremonies of the centennial exposition the pride of our citizens in their gifted young poet was visibly increased. The expectation was general that upon this magnificent opportunity for fame of the fullest measure Mr. Lanier would devote the richest ministrations of his fancy and the finest exhibition of his poetic art. His previous labors had justified the selection and almost assured the fulfillment of every hope expressed concerning the coming work.

Mr. Lanier gave his song to the nation and the critics. To say it was everything that they expected of him would not be true. It did not meet that enthusiasm of satisfaction which had been promised in advance. There was much to question mixed in with the glittering flashes of the song and we are free to say that its high-wrought delineation was of a too advanced art. In this it failed, perhaps very greatly, to adapt itself to the broader and more rugged sentiments of the popular heart. Regret for this is natural to his friends who know his power and appreciate his genius.

All these things being true and admitted, we still fail to see that Mr. Lanier has achieved no honor upon the merits of his work. Its reception upon the occasion for which it was produced, if not the most cordial, was too flattering to be overlooked and too earnest to be insincere. "The applause of the vast crowd was enthusiastic. Portions of the music were encored."

The above report fails to justify the sharp, unkind and too apparently partisan criticisms pronounced against the work by the writers of the north and east. Mr. Lanier has made a subject for their ridicule and his cantata called by all manner of harsh names. They said its success would depend upon Dudley Buck's music, and that the composer had a hard task in making any worthy score to fit the words of the song. They said it was "senseless" and "stupid," and that it would be charity to drown the words in the volume of the voices appointed to sing them. Whittier's hymn was unfairly made a test-gauge for Mr. Lanier's work and a number of the posturers of "The Hub" and New England generally were condemned for ability to have done

better for the occasion than our young Georgia genius. And, worse than all, these things have been spread abroad in such colors as to show an animus too consonant with the sectional spirit of recent politics. It is to this unjust and despicable method of assault upon Mr. Lanier that we object.

In the face of all the facts, we have very considerable pride to express in the result of Sidney Lanier's effort and we believe he will yet find rich honor in the achievement. His difficulties, not made by him, almost crushed the work from the outset. It would have been easier for Homer to have compressed the Iliad into twenty lines, or for Gibbon to have written the history of Rome in an eight-page pamphlet, than it was for Lanier to do that at which he made so bold and reasonably successful attempt. He deserves honor for the courage of that attempt and the almost signal success in which it resulted. We shall not essay to deprive him of one jot of that richly deserved, because earnestly aimed, at.

KENDRICK.

We learn from the Columbus Enquirer that the grand jury having indicted Kendrick, Judge Crawford of the superior court fixed his bond at \$5,000, and that there has been no profer or refusal of bail.

An editor of this journal was recently in Columbus on business, and took occasion to visit the jail. He addressed a note to Mr. Kendrick stating that as the latter still denied the crime alleged against him and that no attempted defence or explanation from him had yet reached the public, that the columns of the Constitution were at his disposal for that purpose; but as the editor had simply called in his chair for five months, and is emphatically said of him, as a preceding editor, that he is probably the per capita of all the editors in the country, he did not avail himself of the opportunity. —St. Louis Times.

BROOKS Doorkeeper Fitzhugh wrote me he is "bigger man than old Grant" the red Indians are all after him. But he is not essentially great in being "bigger than old Grant."

SPEAKER KERR has now occupied the chair for five months, and is emphatically said of him, as a preceding editor, that he is probably the per capita of all the editors in the country.

The United States Law Association, through its President, H. Charlie Ulman, of New York, has made arrangements for a congress of leading lawyers throughout the country to convene at Philadelphia on the 20th, 21st and 22d of June.

HON. GEO. W. CARTER, the famous speaker of the Louisiana legislature, is away from much of his time in the service of his adopted State. A Methodist preacher and a shrewd duelist, according to the Alexandria (La.) Gazette, abjured the pomps and vanities of this wicked world and once more goes into the ministry.—N. O. Picayune.

SAYS the Albany News: We learn by the Underground Telegraph that Col. George W. Styne has bought the Albany Common wealth, and will take charge some time next week. We don't think the colonel's wife would rest long enough to rust, and we shall look with expectant eyes to an assumed public. Yours very truly,

C. A. KENDRICK.

From the present indications it would appear that no bond will be attempted, and a trial will therefore follow.

The heart of Methodism everywhere, and particularly in the south, must feel higher inspirations of Christian love and grace after reading the telegrams from the Baltimore conference, published in another column. The letter of Dr. Lovic Pierce, of Georgia, will attract universal commendation and response from tens of thousands of hearts.

DOM PEDRO is coming through Atlanta. The telegrams tell it this morning although we have known all along that he would do so. How could he go home and say he had seen the wonders of America and yet have failed to come to Atlanta?

The centennial opening, from the latest accounts, was a more impressive affair than the telegraphic reports indicated. We must feel glad at the promise of success. It would be bad for Philadelphia to fail upon her big show.

THE "horors of Andersonville" have been supplanted in Mr. Blaine's imagination by the cruelties and persecutions of a "democratic house of Confederate brigadiers" with a penchant for investigation.

THE ROME Daily Bulletin is now reaching us from that lively little city. The Bulletin seems to be "chipper and peart as can be."

HARMONIES from "Esther the beautiful queen" are resounding from parlor windows all over the city, and expectation is rising to fever heat.

BLAINE thinks this matter of investigation is going too far. It has reached Blaine, it seems, in such a way that he feels it keenly.

BIG SHANTY.

Meeting of the County Grand Lodge of Good Templars Special to the Constitution.

BIG SHAN. Y., May 12.

Tomorrow the county grand lodge of the independent order of Good Templars will assemble here. A full attendance from the other subordinate lodges is anticipated and an evening meeting looked forward to. The temperance cause flourishes throughout the country.

M. T.

A MYSTERY OF THE SEA.

A vessel floating around with a Young Man in Chains.

Telegram to the Constitution.

QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—A pilot boat belonging to this port reports that she is in with the bark Caswell off Dorsey Island; found her in charge of a young man, supposed to have been put on board by a Greek sailor who had been unable to navigate her. The young fellow was bound in a small hatch in irons, said to have been in irons for two months. Five of the pilot boat's men were put on board the Caswell to assist in working her into their harbor. She is hourly expected to reach the British consul at Rio de Janeiro, as has been previously stated, reported that the crew mutinied and murdered the officers.

THE SENATE.

Telegram to the Constitution.

M. Sargent presented a lengthy petition from citizens of California complaining of irregularities and mismanagement in the conduct of the Central Pacific railroad.

Mr. Alcorn, of Mississippi, presented a resolution of the Mississippi legislature in favor of an appropriation to clean out and make navigable the Tombigbee river. Referred to committee.

Also a memorial from the Louisiana legislature in favor of the passage of the house bill making an appropriation for the construction of levees along the Mississippi river. Referred to committee on levees.

Also the petition of Remond Davis, of Memphis, for removal of political disabilities. Referred to judiciary committee.

The judiciary committee reported adversely to the bill extending the time for presenting claims to the court of claims and the southern claims committee.

The senate adjourned to Monday.

FACT AND COMMENT.

One dollar a year is the salary of the mayor of our City, Penn.

BRIAMH YOUNG's family has the same.

TELDEN, if elected president, would not be bothered with his wife's relations.

A NATIONAL Liberal convention has been called to meet at Philadelphia, July 26.

ILLINOIS has big religious revivals, and the republicans are afraid of losing the state.

THE RADICALS are again skirmishing around for a policy, never having heard that "honesty is the best."—St. Louis Times.

OFFENBACH gets \$1,000 for every concert he conducts. Good conduct gets us in this instance taken.

MEMPHIS, May 12.—Judge Emmons has granted a decree for selling the Paducah and Memphis railroad.

LOGAN, N. H., May 12.—The entire valley on the Connecticut river is a broad sheet of water from Northumberland to Dalton. The travel is entirely suspended on the Boston Concord & Montreal railroad, between South Meadow and Groveton Junction on the Grand Trunk railroad, a distance of 30 miles.

CINCINNATI, May 12.—A St. Louis newspaper has given the name of a woman to be the mother of the young man who was master of the whisky ring.

THE SEAT of government was on a rocky bank near Great Falls, six miles east of Washington, last Saturday, and a moment ago was taken.

The United States district court at Omaha has decided that railroad companies have the right to elect three-card monte and other gamblers.

AN IMPOSING monument is talked of for Robert Fulton's grave. It will probably never be finished, even if it is begun.

BETTER steamboat service is to be had for the money.

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